

Part. 1 英語定義

第 1 セット (1～5 問)

選択肢 : implement, plenary, replenish, weather, proponent

1. _____ : A person who supports an idea or cause.
2. _____ : To put a plan or decision into action.
3. _____ : To survive or deal successfully with a difficult situation.
4. _____ : Attended by all members, especially at a conference or meeting.
5. _____ : To fill again after being used up.

第 2 セット (6～10 問)

選択肢 : expound, propound, proposition, compound, microbe

6. _____ : A statement or plan suggested for discussion.
7. _____ : To explain something in detail.
8. _____ : To put forward an idea or theory for consideration.
9. _____ : A substance made from two or more elements.
10. _____ : A very small living organism.

第 3 セット (11～15 問)

選択肢 : biopsy, antibiotic, antibody, regime, regulate

11. _____ : A substance produced by the body to fight disease.
12. _____ : To control by rules or laws.
13. _____ : The removal of tissue for medical examination.
14. _____ : A medicine that kills bacteria.
15. _____ : A system or method of government or management.

第 4 セット (16～20 問)

選択肢 : reservoir, hydrogen, hydrangea, dehydration, nitrogen

16. _____ : A chemical element that makes up most of Earth's atmosphere.
17. _____ : A flowering plant with large round blossoms.
18. _____ : The lightest chemical element.
19. _____ : A large natural or artificial store of water or resources.
20. _____ : A condition caused by lack of water in the body.

第 5 セット (21～25 問)

選択肢 : immunization, immunity, vent, incentive, incite

21. _____ : An opening that allows air or liquid to escape.
22. _____ : The act of protecting the body from disease by vaccination.
23. _____ : To encourage or stir up violent or unlawful behavior.
24. _____ : Something that motivates people to act.
25. _____ : The body's natural protection against disease.

第 6 セット (26～30 問)

選択肢 : inception, incense, prosecutor, sue, obsequious

26. _____ : The beginning of an event, project, or idea.
27. _____ : Showing excessive willingness to please someone.
28. _____ : A lawyer who represents the state in criminal trials.
29. _____ : To take legal action against someone in court.
30. _____ : A fragrant substance burned for its aroma.

第 7 セット (31～35 問)

選択肢 : indigenous, ingenious, genesis, toxic, venom

- 31. _____ : The origin or beginning of something.
- 32. _____ : Originating naturally in a particular place.
- 33. _____ : The poisonous fluid secreted by animals such as snakes.
- 34. _____ : Poisonous or harmful to living organisms.
- 35. _____ : Cleverly inventive or resourceful.

第 8 セット (36～40 問)

選択肢 : intoxication, outweigh, outsmart, enhance, enamor

- 36. _____ : To improve the quality, value, or effect of something.
- 37. _____ : To fill with love or admiration.
- 38. _____ : The state of being intoxicated, often from alcohol.
- 39. _____ : To outsmart or defeat someone by cleverness.
- 40. _____ : To be more important or valuable than something else.

第 9 セット (41～45 問)

選択肢 : engross, entreat, contend, contention, undermine

- 41. _____ : To weaken or sabotage gradually.
- 42. _____ : To earnestly request or plead.
- 43. _____ : A point of disagreement or dispute.
- 44. _____ : To fully occupy the attention of someone.
- 45. _____ : To argue or struggle in competition or conflict.

第 10 セット (46～50 問)

選択肢 : enzyme, catalyst, faculty, predator, herbivore

- 46. _____ : An animal that hunts and eats other animals.
- 47. _____ : A natural ability to do something; skill or power.
- 48. _____ : A protein that speeds up chemical reactions in the body.
- 49. _____ : A substance that triggers or accelerates a reaction.
- 50. _____ : An animal that eats only plants.

Part 2 例文空所補充

第 1 セット (1～5 問)

選択肢 : implement, plenary, replenish, weather, proponent

1. _____ The town managed to _____ the severe economic crisis.
2. _____ After the hike, make sure to _____ your water supply.
3. _____ She is a major _____ of educational reform.
4. _____ All members attended the _____ session of the meeting.
5. _____ The company decided to _____ the new safety rules immediately.

第 2 セット (6～10 問)

選択肢 : expound, propound, proposition, compound, microbe

6. _____ The professor will _____ his theory in detail in the next lecture.
7. _____ Scientists studied the _____ under a microscope.
8. _____ Water is a _____ made from hydrogen and oxygen.
9. _____ The proposal was rejected, but a new _____ was submitted.
10. _____ He _____ a bold plan to reduce emissions.

第 3 セット (11～15 問)

選択肢 : biopsy, antibiotic, antibody, regime, regulate

11. _____ The country was ruled by a military _____ for decades.
12. _____ Vaccines help the body produce _____.
13. _____ A _____ was performed to determine whether the tumor was malignant.
14. _____ The doctor prescribed an _____ for the infection.
15. _____ The government tries to _____ food safety standards.

第 4 セット (16～20 問)

選択肢 : reservoir, hydrogen, hydrangea, dehydration, nitrogen

16. _____ Plants require _____ to grow properly.
17. _____ The garden was full of blooming _____ in June.
18. _____ The dam created a large _____ of drinking water.
19. _____ Lack of water can cause severe _____.
20. _____ _____ is widely used as a clean energy source.

第 5 セット (21～25 問)

選択肢 : immunization, immunity, vent, incentive, incite

21. _____ The speech was intended to _____ violence.
22. _____ Childhood _____ prevents many diseases.
23. _____ Regular exercise improves the body's _____.
24. _____ Higher salaries can serve as an _____ for workers.
25. _____ He opened the window to _____ the hot air.

第 6 セット (26～30 問)

選択肢 : inception, incense, prosecutor, sue, obsequious

26. _____ To take legal action, she decided to _____ the company.
27. _____ A lawyer who represents the state is a _____.
28. _____ Showing excessive willingness to please someone is _____.
29. _____ He burned _____ to create a pleasant aroma in the room.
30. _____ The _____ of the project was in 2010.

第 7 セット (31～35 問)

選択肢 : indigenous, ingenious, genesis, toxic, venom

31. _____ Cleverly inventive or resourceful, he created an _____ device.
32. _____ The snake's _____ can be fatal.
33. _____ Kangaroos are _____ to Australia.
34. _____ The story explains the _____ of the universe.
35. _____ Certain mushrooms are _____ if eaten.

第 8 セット (36～40 問)

選択肢 : intoxication, outweigh, outsmart, enhance, enamor

36. _____ Alcohol _____ is dangerous for young people.
37. _____ She became _____ with the charming city.
38. _____ The benefits of the plan _____ its costs.
39. _____ He tried to _____ the security system.
40. _____ The new lighting _____ the room's beauty.

第 9 セット (41～45 問)

選択肢 : engross, entreat, contend, contention, undermine

41. _____ Corruption will _____ public trust in the government.
42. _____ I _____ you to reconsider your decision.
43. _____ Two teams are _____ for the championship.
44. _____ There is much _____ about this policy.
45. _____ The book will _____ readers from start to finish.

第 10 セット (46～50 問)

選択肢 : enzyme, catalyst, faculty, predator, herbivore

46. _____ Lions are top _____ in the savanna.
47. _____ Cows are _____ that eat only plants.
48. _____ He has a remarkable _____ for solving complex problems.
49. _____ A _____ can accelerate chemical reactions without being consumed.
50. _____ Amylase is an _____ that helps break down starch.

Part 1: 英語定義問題 解答（日本語訳付き）

第 1 セット（1～5 問）

1. proponent – 支持者
2. implement – 計画を実行する
3. weather – 困難を乗り越える
4. plenary – 全員出席の
5. replenish – 補充する

第 2 セット（6～10 問）

6. proposition – 提案・計画
7. expound – 詳しく説明する
8. propound – 提案する
9. compound – 化合物
10. microbe – 微生物

第 3 セット（11～15 問）

11. antibody – 抗体
12. regulate – 規制する
13. biopsy – 生検
14. antibiotic – 抗生物質
15. regime – 政権・制度

第 4 セット（16～20 問）

16. nitrogen – 窒素
17. hydrangea – アジサイ
18. hydrogen – 水素
19. reservoir – 貯水池
20. dehydration – 脱水症

第 5 セット（21～25 問）

21. vent – 通気口・出口
22. immunization – 予防接種
23. immunity – 免疫力
24. incentive – 動機・インセンティブ
25. incite – 扇動する

第 6 セット（26～30 問）

26. sue – 訴える
27. prosecutor – 検察官
28. obsequious – へつらう
29. incense – お香
30. inception – 開始・起点

第 7 セット（31～35 問）

31. ingenious – 独創的な
32. venom – 毒
33. indigenous – 先住の・土着の
34. genesis – 起源・創世
35. toxic – 有毒な

第 8 セット (36～40 問)

- 36. enhance – 高める
- 37. enamor – 惚れ込ませる
- 38. outweigh – 上回る・勝る
- 39. outsmart – 出し抜く
- 40. intoxication – 酩酊・中毒状態

第 9 セット (41～45 問)

- 41. undermine – 損なう・弱める
- 42. entreat – 懇願する
- 43. contend – 争う・競う
- 44. contention – 論争・争点
- 45. engross – 夢中にさせる

第 10 セット (46～50 問)

- 46. predator – 捕食者
- 47. herbivore – 草食動物
- 48. faculty – 能力
- 49. catalyst – 触媒
- 50. enzyme – 酵素

解答一覧（日本語訳付き）

Part 2: 例文空所補充

1. weather – 町は経済危機を乗り越えた
2. replenish – ハイキング後に水を補充する
3. proponent – 彼女は教育改革の支持者である
4. plenary – 全員が会議の全体会議に出席した
5. implement – 会社は新しい安全規則をすぐに実施した
6. expound – 教授は理論を詳しく説明した
7. microbe – 科学者は微生物を研究した
8. compound – 水は水素と酸素からなる化合物
9. proposition – 提案が提出された
10. propound – 彼は大胆な計画を提案した
11. regime – 国は軍事政権に支配されていた
12. antibody – ワクチンは抗体を作らせる
13. biopsy – 腫瘍の生検が行われた
14. antibiotic – 医師は抗生物質を処方した
15. regulate – 政府は食品安全基準を規制した
16. nitrogen – 植物は窒素を必要とする
17. hydrangea – 庭にはアジサイが満開だった
18. reservoir – ダムは大きな貯水池を作った
19. dehydration – 水不足は脱水症を引き起こす
20. hydrogen – 水素はクリーンエネルギーとして使われる
21. incite – 演説は暴力を扇動した
22. immunization – 予防接種は病気を防ぐ
23. immunity – 運動は免疫力を高める
24. incentive – 高い給料は動機になる
25. vent – 彼は窓を開けて熱気を逃がした
26. sue – 彼女は会社を訴えた
27. prosecutor – 検察官は証拠を提出した
28. obsequious – 助手は上司にへつらった
29. incense – 彼はお香を焚いた
30. inception – プロジェクトは 2010 年に開始された
31. ingenious – 技師は独創的な装置を作った
32. venom – ヘビの毒は致命的
33. indigenous – カンガルーはオーストラリア原産
34. genesis – 物語は宇宙の起源を説明した
35. toxic – そのキノコは有毒である
36. intoxication – アルコールの酩酊は危険
37. enamor – 彼女は街に惚れ込んだ
38. outweigh – 利益は費用を上回る
39. outsmart – 彼はセキュリティを出し抜いた
40. enhance – 新しい照明は美しさを高めた
41. undermine – 汚職は信頼を損なう
42. entreat – 決定を再考するよう懇願する
43. contend – チームがチャンピオンを争う
44. contention – 政策には論争がある
45. engross – 本は読者を夢中にさせる
46. predator – ライオンは捕食者である
47. herbivore – 牛は草食動物である
48. faculty – 彼は複雑な問題を解く能力がある
49. catalyst – 触媒は反応を加速させる
50. enzyme – アミラーゼはでんぷんを分解する